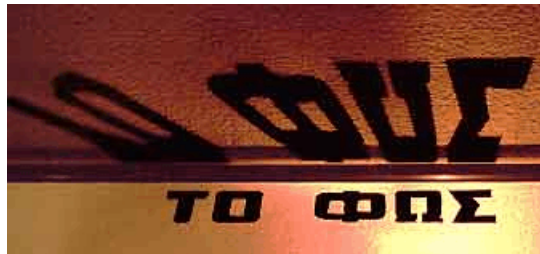


Greek
Language
Lab
Answer Key



Greek Language Lab
Basic Skills
(Answers)

Introduction.

A. Exercise

Greek characters.

α β γ δ ε ζ η θ ι κ λ μ ν ξ ο π ρ σ τ υ φ χ ψ ω

B. Exercise 2.

π β φ τ δ θ κ γ χ α ι ε η ο ω υ ζ ξ ψ λ ρ μ ν σ

2. For additional practice.

π τ κ β δ γ φ χ θ ε ο υ ι α ω η λ μ ν ρ σ ψ ξ ζ

3. Try both exercises again. This time write the capital letters.

a. Π Β Φ Τ Δ Θ Κ Γ Χ Α Ι Ε Η Ο Ω Υ Ζ Ξ Φ Λ Ρ Μ Ν Σ

b. Π Τ Κ Β Δ Γ Φ Χ Θ Ε Ο Υ Ι Α Ω Η Λ Μ Ν Ρ Σ Ψ Ξ Ζ

C. Exercise 3.

1. Write the syllables from the tape.

βῆ γῆ τὰ τό τε γε μή με τί ὦ γρῦ σύ μά θαμά τίς

D. Exercise 4.

3. καί εἰ οὐκ τοῦ ταῖς ἀπὸ τούτων τοῖς εὐπαίσι πούσιν αὐτοῦ Ζεῦ βούσιν φεῦ
μοῦ οὐς εἰς

E. Exercise 5. Write the words from the tape to practice vowels and diphthongs.

δέ δεῖ δῆ σύ σοῦ σοί τε δῶρα δῶρων δῶροις τό του τῶ ταῖς τάς τά
τό τίς τοῖς ταῖς ποποῖ ποῦ ποῖ πῆ πῶ

F. Exercise 6. Breathing marks.

2. Write the words on the tape for exercise 6.

οὐ οὐ ἐν ἔν ἔχω ἔξω οἶος οἶνος ὦν ὦν

G. Exercise 7.

2. Write the words on the tape: ἄγχι ἄγγος ἐγξέω ἐγκρύπτω

H. Exercise 8.

a. Aesop

b. Aristotle

c. Aeschylus

d. Socrates

e. Medea

f. Euripides

g. Iphigenia

h. Heracles

i. Thucydides

j. Clytemnestra

J. Exercise 10. Accent Marks.

1. Fill in the accents of these words. (Follow the rules on pp. 6-9.)

- | | |
|-------------|------------------------|
| a. ἄνθρωπος | h. δῶρα |
| b. ἀνθρώπων | i. πλούτος |
| c. ἔργου | j. πλούτου |
| d. ἄνθρωποι | k. τὸν ἀγαθὸν ἄνθρωπον |
| e. πόνος | l. τὸ ἄριστον δῶρον |
| f. παιδεύω | m. τοῦ ἀρίστου δώρου |
| g. λύεσθαι | n. πράττειν |

K. Exercise 11. Review.

1. Check the word (A or B) in each pair that corresponds to the word spoken on the tape.

- | | |
|--------|--------|
| a. (A) | g. (B) |
| b. (B) | h. (A) |
| c. (B) | i. (B) |
| d. (A) | j. (A) |
| e. (B) | k. (A) |
| f. (A) | l. (B) |

L. Exercise 12.

3. Vocabulary quiz. Write English meanings.

- | | |
|------------|---------------|
| a. ten | g. voice |
| b. accents | h. consonants |
| c. seven | i. five |
| d. letters | j. eight |
| e. nine | k. four |
| f. twenty | l. vowels |

O. Exercise 15. (Written exercises)

1. φ, χ, θ, υ, 2 e's, 2 o's
2. q, w, f, j, v
3. ['] developed from H.
4. *Labials*: π, β, φ, (ψ)
Dentals: τ, δ, θ
Palatals: κ, γ, χ, (ξ)
5. a. ψ b. ξ
6. a. φ b. χ c. θ
7. η, ω, long α
8. To show varying tones.
9. Ultima (last), penult (next to last), antepenult (next to next to last).
10. acute
11. grave
12. circumflex
13. acute, grave
14. The length of the ultima.
15. Yes: acute to grave before another word.
16. γράμματα

17. φωνήεντα because they have voice (φωνή)
18. English words derived from the Greek words.
- hippopotamus, hippodrome
 - chronic, chronology, anachronism chronicle
 - phonetic, phoneme, euphony, cacophony, telephone
 - Decalogue, decameter
 - technical, technology
 - logic, misology, epilogue, philology, dialogue
 - biodegradable, bionomics, macrobiotic, microbe
 - archdeacon, architect, patriarch, matriarch, archaeology, oligarchy
 - hyperactive, hyperaesthesia
 - adelphogamy, Philadelphia

P. Exercise 16. Written exercises.

1. Parse these sentences. Identify each word by part of speech.

- Socrates:* noun

drank: verb, transitive

the: article, adjective

poison: noun

and: conjunction

died: verb, intransitive
- When:* adverb (relative, temporal)

we: pronoun

saw: verb, transitive

him: pronoun

drinking: participle

it: pronoun

we: pronoun

cried: verb, intransitive
- Medea:* noun

sent: verb, transitive

deadly: adjective

gifts: noun

to: preposition

the: article, adjective

princess: noun
- The:* article, adjective

princess: noun

died: verb, intransitive

horribly: adverb of manner

in: preposition

her: pronoun (possessive)

bedroom: noun
- Which:* adjective (interrogative)

road: noun

leads: verb used intransitively

to: preposition

life: noun

2. Identify the case (if translated into Greek) of each noun or pronoun in the

foregoing sentences.

- a. Socrates: nominative (subject); poison: accusative (direct object).
- b. We: nominative (subject); him: accusative (direct object).
- c. Medea: nominative (subject); gifts: accusative (direct object of sent).
- d. Princess: nominative (subject); her: genitive of possession; bedroom: dative with preposition showing place where.
- e. Road: nominative (subject); life: accusative (place to which with preposition).

4. Identify the person, number, and voice of each of the verbs in these sentences.

- a. Saw: 1st sing. active; was saved: 3rd sing. passive
- b. Makes: 3rd sing. active; make for themselves: 3rd pl. middle
- c. Were released: 3rd pl. passive; sent: 2nd (sing. or pl.) middle
- d. Are you doing: 2nd sing. active
- e. Are being written: 3rd pl. passive

Q. Exercise 17.

2. Give the English meaning of each of the words or phrases spoken.

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| a. eight | f. article, joint |
| b. numbers | g. verb |
| c. genders, kinds | h. participle |
| d. five | i. the parts of speech |
| e. three | j. neuter, neither |
| f. noun, name | k. masks, persons |

R. Exercise 18.

1. Greek is inflectional; English is positional.
2. Cases show the relationship of nouns to the other words in the sentence.
3. By placement in the sentence or with prepositions.
4. Article, participle
5. Noun and adjective
6. Case, number, gender: Change to show number--how many--and case--what part they are playing in the sentence.
7.
 - a. nominative
 - b. accusative
 - c. dative
 - d. genitive
8. Tense, voice, mood, person and number
9. Time (past, present or future), aspect (whether the action is viewed as going on, completed or a simple act).
10. The relationship of the subject to the action
11. Preposition, conjunction, adverb
12. σῶμα: body, table, book, hair, paper; πρᾶγμα: education, justice, truth, happiness

13. κοινῶς: school, poet, thinker; ἰδίος: University of Idaho, Euripides, Plato
14. Neuter
15. Twin, between, pair, couple
16. Give some English derivatives of these Greek words.
 - a. onomatopoeia, acronym, pseudonym, synonym, homonym
 - b. psychosomatic, chromosome
 - c. pragmatic, pragmatism
 - d. cenobite, koine, epicene
 - e. idiot, idiosyncrasy
 - f. anthropology, misanthrope, philanthropic
 - g. orthodox, orthopedist, orthodontist, orthography
 - h. crypt, cryptogram, cryptic

Lesson I, Part One

I. Exercise 1.

- B. 1. P 3. A 5. A
 2. M 4. M
- C. 1. we 5. I 9. I
 2. they 6. you (pl.) 10. we
 3. you (sg) 7. he, she, it
 4. he, she, it; you (sg.) 8. they
- D. 1. You (sg.) stop.
 2. He stops himself; he is stopped.
 3. We cease; we are stopped.
 4. They stop.
 5. They cease; they are stopped.
 6. You (pl.) cease; you are stopped.
 7. He, she, it stops; you (sg.) cease; you are stopped.

II. Exercise 2.

- B. 1. stop 5. wish, want 9. do, make
 2. say, speak, mean 6. plan 10. become, come into being
 3. remain, wait 7. go, come 11. trust
 4. lead 8. think 12. have

C. Give Greek word.

- | | |
|-------------|---------------|
| 1. γράφω | 7. κρίνω |
| 2. νομίζω | 8. ἐθέλω |
| 3. φέρω/ἄγω | 9. ἄρχω |
| 4. πείθω | 10. καί |
| 5. πιστεύω | 11. καί...καί |
| 6. λύω | 12. ἦ...ἦ |

D. Translate the Greek words:

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| 1. she/he/it wants | 6. you want |
| 2. they have | 7. they are coming into being |
| 3. we are waiting | 8. we are educating (for ourselves) |
| 4. you are sending (for yourselves) | 9. you (all) are saying
you are being sent |
| 5. they bring | 10. I cease/I am being stopped |

E. For each English phrase tell what person, number and voice the Greek would be. (Persons: 1, 2, 3); Numbers: S, P; Voices: A, M, P.) Then go back and translate the verb.

- | | Person, Number, Voice | Translation |
|----|-----------------------|-------------|
| 1. | 1PM | ἐρχόμεθα |

2.	3PA	γράφουσι(ν)
3.	3SM	βουλεύεται
4.	2SP	ἄγει
5.	3SM/P	πείθεται
6.	2PM	παύεσθε
7.	3SP	λέγεται
8.	1SA	ἔχω
9.	3PA (or M)	ἄρχουσι (ἄρχονται)
10.	1PA	λέγομεν

III. Exercise 3. Review.

A. Before going on, answer these written questions.

- The vowel used to connect endings to stem: alternates between and .
- In order to know what the words mean.
- From the personal ending of the verb (along with any noun in the nom. case)
- Yes.
- No.
- we; he/she/it; you; they, you; I, I, you
- Which ending, in the present active, says:
 - he, she, it: -ει
 - we: -ομεν
 - they: -ουσι
 - I: -ω
 - you: -εις/-ετε
- Which present middle ending says:
 - you all: -εσθε
 - he: -εται
 - we: -όμεθα
 - they: -ονται
 - I: -ομαι
 - it: -εται
- Identify the VOICE and translate.
 - A ἄγειν
 - A νομίζομεν
 - M γράφεσθαι
 - A πέμπομεν
 - P ἄγονται
 - A μένει
 - M παύεται
 - A παύει
 - A φέρω/ἄγω
 - A πράττεις/πράττετε

- k. P πράττεται
- l. M/P πείθονται
- m. P λέγεται
- n. M:M βούλεται ἔρχεσθαι
- o. M ἔρχει/ἔρχεσθε;
- p. M βουλεύονται;
- q. A νομίζουσι;
- r. A τί πράττεις/πράττετε;
- s. M τί βουλόμεθα
- t. P γράφεται

10. Translate these words.

- a. to bring
- b. they trust
- c. I am sending for/I am being sent
- d. they cease/they are being stopped
- e. we judge
- f. to wish
- g. I lead (for myself)/I am being led
- h. you become
- i. we are taking notes/we are being written
- j. you plan

Lesson I, Part Two: Nouns.

II. Exercise 2.

B. Give the English meanings. (Questions on tape.)

- | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------|
| 1. peace | 9. justice |
| 2. stranger | 10. sun |
| 3. wealth | 11. work, deed |
| 4. toil | 12. road |
| 5. heaven | 13. beside |
| 6. law, custom | 14. death |
| 7. island | 15. for |
| 8. virtue, goodness, excellence | |

C. Give the Greek. (Questions on tape.)

- 1. ψυχή
- 2. πόλεμος
- 3. χρόνος
- 4. εἰς
- 5. θάνατος

III. Exercise 3.

A. Fill in the blanks.

1. τοῖς ἀνθρώποις
2. ἔρχεται (n. pl. subject + sg. verb)
3. τῶν νήσων
4. φέρει
5. (τοῖς) νόμοις
6. τῷ θεῷ
7. τοὺς ξένους
8. (τὰς) νήσους
9. (τῇ) ὁδῷ
10. τῶν ἀνθρώπων

B. Answer the following.

1. From the gender of the article that is given with it.
2. True or False.

a. F	f. F
b. F	g. T
c. T	h. F
d. F	i. F
e. F	j. T
3. For each noun in the following sentences, decide what case it would be if translated into Greek.
 - a. nominative, accusative
 - b. nominative, dative
 - c. vocative, dative, accusative
 - d. nominative, dative, accusative
 - e. genitive, nominative, genitive
 - f. genitive, accusative
 - g. nominative, accusative
 - h. nominative, accusative
 - i. nominative, dative, accusative, genitive
4. Give the form of the article that agrees with each of the following.

a. τῆς	k. τοῦ
b. τᾶ	l. τὸν
c. ὁ	m. τῇ
d. τῆς	n. αἱ
e. αἱ	o. τῷ
f. οἱ	p. τῆν
g. τοὺς	q. τοῖς
h. τῷ	r. τῶν
i. τὰς	
j. τὸ	

Lesson II, Part One

- I. Exercise 1. The imperfect tense: meaning and formation.
 - B. Form imperfect of verbs given on tape.

1. ἔπεμπον
2. ἔβουλόμην
3. ἦρχον
4. ἦθελον
5. ἔλειπον
6. ἔγραφον

D. Change the forms of the present to the imperfect of the same person, number and voice.

- | | |
|----------------|--------------|
| 1. ἦγον | 6. ἐβούλου |
| 2. ἐπέμπετο | 7. ἐγίγνοντο |
| 3. ἔπειθε | 8. ἐπαίδευον |
| 4. ἐκρινόμην | 9. ἦν |
| 5. ἐβουλεύομεν | 10. ἦμεν |

E. Identify tense, person and number (A); Identify and Translate (B); Cover and Listen.

	(A)	(B)
1. γίγναι	pres. 2 sg.	you are becoming
2. ἐγίγνου	impf. 2 sg.	you were becoming
3. ἄρχει	pres. 3sg. (act.) or 2 sg. (mid)	he/she/it is ruling; you are...
4. ἦρχε	impf. 3sg.	he/she/it was ruling
5. ἄγομεν	pres. 1 pl.	we are leading
6. ἦγομεν	impf. 1 pl.	we were leading
7. ἐνόμιζον	impf. 1 sg./3 pl.	I/they used to think
8. ἐλείπομεν	impf. 1 pl.	we were leading
9. ἔρχεσθαι	pres. inf.	to be going/coming
10. ἤρχόμην	impf. 1 sg.	I was going/ ruling for myself
11. ἐθέλουσι	pres. 3 pl.	they wish
12. ἦθελον	impf. 1 sg./3 pl.	I was/they were wishing
13. ἔφερε	impf. 2 sg.	you were bringing
14. ἐλέγετο	impf. 3 sg.	(he/she) it was being said
15. εἶχον	impf. 1 sg./3 pl.	I/they used to have
16. ἦτε	impf. 2 pl.	you (all) were

II. Exercise 2.

	(A)	(B)	(C)
1.	πέμπω	Act., impf., 1st sg.	ἔπεμπον
2.	πέμπω	Pass., impf., 3rd pl.	ἐπέμποντο
3.	πέμπω	Mid., impf., 2nd pl.	ἐπέμπεσθε
4.	κρίνω	Act., impf., 1st pl.	ἐκρίνομεν
5.	κρίνω	Pass., pres., 3rd sg.	κρίνεται
6.	παύω	Mid., impf., 3rd pl.	ἐπαύοντο
7.	παύω	Pass., impf., 2nd sg/pl.	ἐπαύου, ἐπαύεσθε
8.	φέρω/ἄγω	Act., impf., 3rd pl.	ἔφερον/ἦγον
9.	φέρω/ἄγω	Pass., pres., 1st pl.	ἐφερόμεθα/ἡγόμεθα

10.	βουλεύω	Mid., impf., 2nd pl.	ἐβουλεύεσθε
11.	ἔχω	Act., impf., 3rd pl.	εἶχον
12.	λέγω	Act., impf., 3rd sg.	ἔλεγε(ν)
13.	λέγω	Pass., impf., 3rd sg.	ἐλέγετο
14.	μένω	Act., impf., 3rd pl.	ἔμενον;
15.	λείπω	Act., pres., 2nd sg./pl	λείπεις; λείπετε;

IV. Exercise 4. Written exercise (not on tape).

A. Review vocabularies of lesson I (p. 33, pp. 43-44) and translate.

- λίθους ἔφερον
- ὁ πόλεμος ἐπαύετο
- λείπειν ἐβουλετο;
- οἱ ξένοι ἤρχοντο
- δίκην ἔχειν ἐβουλόμεθα
- ὁ ὁδός εἰς τόν πλοῦτον ἤγεν
- εἰς τάς νήσους δῶρα ἐπέμπομεν
- τὰ ἔργα ἐπράττετο
- οἱ λόγοι ἐν τοῖς λίθοις ἐγραφοντο
- ἡ δικη δῶρον εἶναι τῶν θεῶν ἐνομίζετο

B. True or False.

- | | |
|------|------|
| 1. F | 6. T |
| 2. F | 7. F |
| 3. T | 8. T |
| 4. F | 9. T |
| 5. F | |

C. Match the imperfect endings with the present endings showing the same person number and voice.

A	B
1-4	1-3
2-6	2-6
3-5	3-1
4-2	4-4
5-1	5-5
6-3	6-2

D. Match the active endings with the middle-passive endings showing the same person, number and tense.

A	B
1-4	1-3
2-3	2-4
3-2	3-5
4-1	4-1

E. Tell what case the underlined nouns would be in Greek.

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. nominative, nominative | 2. nominative, nominative |
| 3. nominative, genitive, nominative | 4. nominative |
| 5. nominative | 6. accusative |

Lesson II, Part Two

I. Exercise 1. B. Translate.

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| 1. σοφὸς | 2. σοφὸν |
| 3. σοφῆ | 4. σοφῆ |
| 5. σοφοὶ | 6. σοφαὶ |

II. Exercise 2. B. Vocabulary quiz.

- | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. sleep | 10. pleasure |
| 2. wine | 11. difficult |
| 3. marriage | 12. good, noble |
| 4. only, alone | 13. through, on account of |
| 5. fine, good, beautiful | 14. the very one who |
| 6. evil, wicked, bad | 15. if |
| 7. good | 16. around |
| 8. best | 17. then, of former time |
| 9. luck | |

C. Give Greek word.

- | | |
|------------|-------------|
| 1. κόσμος | 7. δεινός |
| 2. ἰατρος | 8. ἀθάνατος |
| 3. χαλεπός | 9. ἄδικος |
| 4. κοινός | 10. ἄλογος |
| 5. πρῶτος | 11. ὅλος |
| 6. σοφὸς | 12. βιβλίον |

D. Review of vocabulary for Lessons I-II. Give English meaning.

- | | |
|---|----------------|
| 1. educate, train | 7. judge |
| 2. plan | 8. best |
| 3. difficult | 9. good |
| 4. small child | 10. wish, want |
| 5. will, determination, council, senate | 11. bad |
| 6. common, public | 12. time |

III. Exercise 3.

A. Translate the following without verb forms.

- | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. τὸ χαλεπὸν βιβλίον | 6. τὸ παιδίον μόνον |
| 2. τὸ βιβλίον χαλεπὸν | 7. ἡ δεινὴ ὁδός |
| 3. ἡ ἄλογος ψυχὴ | 8. δεινὴ ἡ ὁδός |
| 4. ἄλογος ἡ ψυχὴ | 9. ὁ ἄριστος οἶνος |
| 5. τὸ μόνον παιδίον | 10. ὁ οἶνος ἄριστος |

V. Exercise 5. Additional written exercises.

- A. True or False. 1. T 2. F 3. F 4. F 5. T
 6. F 7. F 8. T 9. T 10. F

B. Translate the underlined words.

1. ἦ 2. ὄν 3. ἄ
4. ᾧ 5. ὅς 6. οὓς

Lesson III, Part One. The Future Tense

I. Exercise 1. B. Form the future.

1. παιδεύσω 2. βουλευσω 3. πιστεύσω 4. θύσω

C. Futures of consonant stems.

- | | |
|------------|----------|
| 1. δέξομαι | 4. γράψω |
| 2. λέξω | 5. πείσω |
| 3. πέμψω | 6. ἄρξω |

D. Irregular Futures. 2. Give the future.

- | | |
|--------------|----------|
| a. ἀκούσομαι | d. πράξω |
| b. ἐθελήσω | e. οἶσω |
| c. ἐλεύσομαι | |

3. Give the present.

- | | |
|-------------|------------|
| a. ἔχω | d. μανθάνω |
| b. γίγνομαι | e. φέρω |
| c. ἔχω | |

E. Review. Practice forms of present, imperfect and future.

1. Translate these forms of εἶμί.

- | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| a. he/she/it/there is | e. we are |
| b. he/she/it/there will be | f. you will be (sg.) |
| c. I was; he/she/it/there was | g. to be |
| d. we were | h. you (sg.) are |

II. Exercise 2. Vocabulary. B. Vocabulary quiz. Give meanings; give future of any verbs.

- | | |
|------------|-----------|
| 1. hear; | ἀκούσομαι |
| 2. receive | δέξομαι |

- | | |
|----------------------|-----------|
| 3. take, seize | λήψομαι |
| 4. suffer | πείσομαι |
| 5. learn, understand | μαθήσομαι |
| 6. always | 7. never |

III. Exercise 3. Verb Review.

B. Conjugate the future in the space below.

Active			Middle
οἶσω	-1S-		οἶσομαι
οἶσεις	-2S-	οἶσει	
οἶσει	-3S-		οἶσεται
οἶσομεν	-1P-		οἰσόμεθα
οἶσετε	-2P-		οἶσεσθε
οἶσουσι	-3P-		οἶσονται
οἶσειν	-INF-		οἶσεσθαι

IV. Exercise 4. Written exercises.

A. Answer the following.

1. Primary.
2. Labial becomes ψ; dental drops out; palatal becomes ξ
3. πάσχω, λαμβάνω, μανθάνω, ἀκούω, εἰμί, [ὄραω, ἀποθνήσκω]
4. ἔχω
5. No.
6.

a. genitive	f. nominative
b. dative	g. accusative
c. accusative	h. accusative
d. dative	i. nominative
e. genitive	
7. Nominative.
8. Yes.
9. No.
10. Yes, if they are transitive.
11. singular
12.

a. 2	e. 1
b. 1	f. 3
c. 2	g. 3
d. 3	

Lesson III, Part Two.

I. Exercise 1.

B. Tell what case each of the nouns is and give the article that agrees with it.

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1. dative; τῷ | 6. accusative; τόν |
| 2. accusative; τήν | 7. accusative; τάς |
| 3. genitive, accusative; τῆς, τάς | 8. dative; τῷ |
| 4. genitive; τοῦ | 9. genitive; τῆς |
| 5. genitive; τῶν | 10. dative; τοῖς |

III. Exercise 3.

A. Give the meanings of the vocabulary words (on the tape).

- | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. poet | 9. time, season, hour |
| 2. citizen | 10. health |
| 3. truth | 11. misfortune |
| 4. fate, portion, lot | 12. shameful, ugly |
| 5. Muse | 13. small |
| 6. master | 14. worthy |
| 7. house | 15. wicked |
| 8. young man | |

Greek:

1. νέος 2. δίκαιος 3. πάλαιος 4. σκηνή 5. χώρα

IV. Exercise 4.

A. Possession. Translate.

1. ἡ τῶν στρατιωτῶν σκηνή 2. αἱ τῶν ἀνθρώπων συμφοραί

B. With verbs of ruling.

3. οἱ πολῖται τῆσδε τῆς νήσου ἄρχουσιν.

C. Genitive of Source with verbs of hearing.

4. τῶν σοφῶν ἠκούομεν

D. Genitive of Separation.

E. Genitive of Agent with ὑπό

VI. Exercise 6. Vocabulary quiz.

A. Drill of vocabulary of Lessons I-III Give meanings.

- | | |
|----------------|------------------------|
| 1. difficult | 16. sea |
| 2. announce | 17. concerning, around |
| 3. receive | 18. attempt, trial |
| 4. always | 19. dreadful, clever |
| 5. toil | 20. take, seize |
| 6. physician | 21. day |
| 7. only, alone | 22. tent, hut, scene |
| 8. die | 23. misfortune |
| 9. kill | 24. pleasure |
| 10. mistress | 25. lead |

- | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|
| 11. peace, calmness, quiet | 26. health |
| 12. war | 27. suffer |
| 13. the very one who | 28. shameful |
| 14. throw, hit | |
| 15. tongue | |

VII. Exercise 7. Written.

A. Feminine and masculine.

B. After ε, ι, or ρ.

C. Masculine.

- D.
1. -α, -αζ
 2. -α, -ηζ
 3. -ηζ, ου
 4. -αζ, -ου
 5. -η, -ηζ

ε. They do NOT differ in the plural.

F. When the demonstrative is used as an adjective (but not when it is used as a pronoun).

G. Predicate.

H. ἐκεῖνος

I. οὗτος

Lesson IV, The Aorist Tense.

I. Exercise 1. Forms and Meanings. Listen to tape, repeat the forms.

A. Identify the *Mood*, the *Voice* and the *Person* of the forms from the tape.

- | | |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| 1. Ind., mid., 2nd | 6. Ind., act., 3rd |
| 2. Ind., act., 2nd | 7. Inf., act. |
| 3. Ind., act., 1st | 8. Ind., mid., 2nd |
| 4. Inf., mid. | 9. Inf., act. |
| 5. Inf., act. | 10. Ind., mid., 1st |

II. Exercise 2.

C. Listen to the forms of the first or second aorist and jot down the present.

- | | |
|-------------|--------------|
| 1. γίγνομαι | 7. δέχομαι |
| 2. νομίζω | 8. ἀποθνήσκω |
| 3. πάσχω | 9. ἄρχω |
| 4. ἔρχομαι | 10. ἄγω |
| 5. πέμπω | 11. φέρω |
| 6. λαμβάνω | 12. μανθάνω |

III. Exercise 3. Infinitives.

- A. δέχεσθαι, δέξεσθαι, δέξασθαι
B. ἄγειν, ἄξειν, ἀγαγεῖν; ἄγεσθαι, ἄξεσθαι, ἀγαγέσθαι
C. πέμπειν, πέμψειν, πέμψαι; πέμπεσθαι, πέμψεσθαι, πέμψασθαι
D. φαίνειν, φαινεσθαι; φῆναι, φήνασθαι

VI. Exercise 6. B. Vocabulary quiz on first part.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. I am able | 6. probably, doubtless, I presume |
| 2. then, therefore, in fact | 7. such, what a |
| 3. such | 8. I said |
| 4. other | 9. especially |
| 5. but | 10. know |

VIII. Exercise 8. Written.

A. Translate.

1. ἡ ἀρετὴ ἐστὶ τὰ ἀγαθὰ ἔχειν.
ὁ Μενων ἔφη τὴν ἀρετὴν εἶναι τὰ ἀγαθὰ ἔχειν.
2. ἡ ἡγίεια καὶ ὁ πλοῦτος εἰσὶ ἀγαθοί.
τὴν ὑγίειαν φησι καὶ τὸν πλοῦτον εἶναι ἀγαθοὺς.
3. οἱ ἄνθρωποι βούλονται κακά;
νομίζεις/-ετε τοὺς ἀνθρώπους βούλεσθαι κακά;
4. τὰ παιδία λίθους ἔβαλε.
ἔφην τὰ παιδία λίθους βαλεῖν/οἴσειν/βάλλειν.
5. νομίζω ταῦτα δικαίως πράττειν/πράξειν/πρᾶξαι.

B. Answer these questions (with brevity).

1. Imperfect and aorist
2. Future and aorist
3. By studying the principal parts
4. From the difference the in the stem

5. The future is not augmented and has the thematic vowel; the aorist is augmented in the indicative and has the characteristic vowel, alpha.
6. Alpha
7. Infinitives
8. No.
9. Imperfect views the action as going on in the past; aorist views the action as the simple act.
10. Those with stems ending in a liquid or nasal sound.

C. Decide what tense each of the following would be if translated into Greek.

- | | |
|--------------|---------------|
| 1. Present | 9. Imperfect |
| 2. Present | 10. Aorist |
| 3. Aorist | 11. Imperfect |
| 4. Imperfect | 12. Aorist |
| 5. Imperfect | 13. Aorist |
| 6. Aorist | 14. Imperfect |
| 7. Aorist | 15. Future |
| 8. Present | 16. Imperfect |

Lesson V, Third Declension Nouns

I. Exercise 1

- A. ἡ κύλιξ
τῆς κύλικος
τῇ κύλικα
τὴν κύλικα
- αἱ κύλικες
τῶν κυλίκων
ταῖς κύλιξι
τὰς κύλικας
- B. ἡ πατρίς
τῆς πατρίδος
τῇ πατρίδι
τὴν πατρίδα
- αἱ πατρίδες
τῶν πατρίδων
ταῖς πατρίσι(ν)
τὰς πατρίδας
- C. ἡ εἰκών
τῆς εἰκόνοσ
τῇ εἰκόνι
τὴν εἰκόνα
- αἱ εἰκόνες
τῶν εἰκόνων
τοῖς εἰκόσι(ν)
τὰς εἰκόνας
- D. τὸ πνεῦμα
τοῦ πνεύματος
τῷ πνεύματι
τὸ πνεῦμα
- τὰ πνεύματα
τῶν πνευμάτων
τοῖς πνεύμασι
τὰ πνεύματα
- ὁ κήρυξ
τοῦ κήρυκος
τῷ κήρυκι
τὸν κήρυκα
- οἱ κήρυκες
τῶν κηρύκων
τοῖς κήρυξι(ν)
τοὺς κήρυκας
- ἡ χάρις
τῆς χάριτος
τῇ χάριτι
τὴν χάριν
- αἱ χάριτες
τῶν χαρίτων
ταῖς χάρισι(ν)
τὰς χάριτας
- ὁ γέρον
τοῦ γέροντος
τῷ γέροντι
τὸν γέροντα
- οἱ γέροντες
τῶν γερόντων
τοῖς γέρουσι(ν)
τοὺς γέροντας

II. Exercise 2. Vowel Base Nouns.

A.	ὁ ἱερεὺς τοῦ ἱερέως τῷ ἱερεῖ τὸν ἱερέα	οἱ ἱερεῖς τῶν ἱερέων τοῖς ἱερεῦσι(ν) τοὺς ἱερέας
B.	ἡ μάντις τῆς μάντεως τῇ μάντει τὴν μάντιν	αἱ μάντιες τῶν μάντεων ταῖς μάντεσι τὰς μάντιες
C.	τὸ ἔτος τοῦ ἔτους τῷ ἔτει τὸ ἔτος	τὰ ἔτη τῶν ἐτῶν τοῖς ἔτεσι τὰ ἔτη
D.	ἡ μήτηρ τῆς μητρὸς τῇ μητρὶ τὴν μητέρα	αἱ μητέρες τῶν μητέρων ταῖς μητέρασι τὰς μητέρας

III. Exercise 3. Vocabulary.

A. Vocabulary quiz on starred words.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. water | 9. woman |
| 2. child | 10. old man |
| 3. body | 11. race, kind |
| 4. part | 12. grace |
| 5. year | 13. thing (pl. money) |
| 6. pupil, learner, disciple | 14. man |
| 7. hope | 15. town |
| 8. divinity | |

Lesson VI, Third Declension Adjectives.

I. Exercise 1. Listen to the FORMS and comments.

A. Choose the correct forms of ἀληθής to agree with the words listed.

- | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|
| 1. ἀληθεῖς | 4. ἀληθῆ | 7. ἀληθές |
| 2. ἀληθῆ | 5. ἀληθέσι | 8. ἀληθείς |
| 3. ἀληθοῦς | 6. ἀληθείς | |

B. Choose the correct forms of εὐδαίμων to agree with the words listed.

- | | | |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1. εὐδαίμονες | 4. εὐδαίμονα | 7. εὐδαίμον |
| 2. εὐδαίμονα | 5. εὐδαίμοσι | 8. εὐδαίμονες |
| 3. εὐδαίμονος | 6. εὐδαίμονας | |

C. Choose the correct forms of εὐρύς.

- | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|
| 1. εὐρεῖς | 4. εὐρεῖαν | 7. εὐρύ |
| 2. εὐρέα | 5. εὐρέσι | 8. εὐρεῖαι |
| 3. εὐρείας | 6. εὐρεῖς | |

D. Choose the correct forms of πᾶς.

- | | | |
|-----------|-----------|----------|
| 1. πάντες | 4. πᾶσαν | 7. πᾶν |
| 2. πάντα | 5. πᾶσι | 8. πᾶσαι |
| 3. πάσης | 6. πάντας | |

IV. Exercise 4. Written Questions.

A. By the formula εἰ with a secondary tense of the indicative in the conditional clause (protasis) and ἄν with a secondary tense of the indicative in the conclusion clause (apodosis).

B. When it refers to a natural, possible or intended result.

C. When it refers to an actual result.

D. When it means until and follows a negative clause.

E. When it means before and follows an affirmative clause.

F.

1. complementary infinitive after certain verbs (wish, plan, etc.), and expressions such as "it is necessary to..."; "it is time to..."
2. with the article (as a noun): the articular infinitive
3. in indirect statement
4. in "natural" result clauses
5. with πρίν meaning "before"

Lesson VII, Participles.

II. Exercise 2. Formation.

A. (A) Give Tense and Voice and (B) Gender, Number and Case.

	(A)	(B)
1. παύσοντι	future active	masc./neut., sg., dat.
2. παύσασι	aorist active	fem., sg., nom.
3. παυσοῦσης	present active	fem., sg., gen.
4. βάλλων	present active	masc. sg., nom.
5. βάλων	aorist, active	masc., sg., nom.
6. παυσάμενον	aor. mid.	masc., sg., acc; neut., sg. nom./acc.
7. παυσόμενα	future, middle	neut., pl., nom./acc.
8. ὄντα	pres. active	masc., sg., acc./neut.; pl. acc./nom.
9. παύοντα	pres. active	masc. acc. sg.; neut. pl. nom./acc.
10. βαλόντα	aor. act.	masc. nom. sg.; neut. pl. nom./acc.
11. παύσοντες	future, active	masc., pl., nom.
12. παύσασι	aorist, active	masc./neut., dat. pl.

IV. Exercise 4. B. Vocabulary Quiz. Give meanings.

- | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. perceive | 7. be absent |
| 2. order | 8. be present |
| 3. carry across, differ | 9. learn |
| 4. look, see | 10. at the same time |
| 5. be ashamed | 11. since |
| 6. find | 12. it is possible |

VII. Exercise 7. Written exercises.

1. No participles are augmented.
2. It has the article with it.
3. Present, future, aorist, [perfect].
4. Third and first.
5. Second and first.
6. The future participle has ο, the first aorist has α.
7. The supplementary participle depends directly on the verb.
8. Verbal elements of participles: tense, voice; ability to take objects. Nominal aspects: case, number, gender.
9. Purpose.
10. That it is conditional.
11. The first says that although I am ashamed, I do it anyway; the second that shame prevents me from doing it.
12. The first says that we hear that the man is coming; the second that we hear him coming.
13. a. attributive; b. circumstantial; c. supplementary
14. παύω, ἄρχω, τυγχάνω, φθάνω, λανθάνω, αἰσχύνομαι, ἀκούω, φαίνομαι, αἰσθάνομαι.
15. Aorist. 16. Present. 17. Circumstantial.

Lesson VIII, Part One. Interrogative and Indefinite Pronouns.

I. Exercise 1. Interrogative and Indefinite Pronouns.

A. Tell whether the pronoun is (A) Relative or Interrogative and then (B) Translate.

(A)	(B)
1. Interrogative	τίνα (or τίνας)
2. Relative	ὄν
3. Interrogative	τίνες
4. Relative	αἶ
5. Interrogative	τίνι (or τίσι)
6. Relative	ὧν

C. Vocabulary quiz.

1. cause	4. earth	7. guard, watch
2. err	5. dog	
3. to this place	6. nature	

Lesson VIII, Part Two. The Perfect Active.

II. Exercise 2. Principal Parts.

B. Quiz; give the present tense.

1. ἄγω	6. πάσχω
2. παύω	7. φέρω
3. πεμπω	8. βάλλω
4. φαίνω	9. παιδεύω
5. γίγνομαι	

III. Exercise 3.

B. Quiz.

1. teach	2. seem, be like	3. know
4. blame	5. drink	6. grow, produce

V. Exercise 5.

A. Written exercises.

1. Present, imperfect, (future)
2. Aorist (future).
3. Perfect, pluperfect, future perfect.
4. Present, future, perfect, future perfect.
5. Imperfect, aorist, pluperfect.
6. πράττω, πείθω, φαίνω
7. φαίνω, ἀκούω, ἀποκτείνω, γίγνομαι, ἔχω, λανθάνω, λείπω, πείθω, πέμπω, στέλλω, τεινω, (φεύω)
8. Yes, it is not removed in infinitive and participle.
9. Choose the correctly reduplicated forms.
 - a. θάπτω (bury) ==> 3. τέθαμμαι
 - b. χρίω (anoint) ==> 3. κέχριμαι
 - c. φθείρω (corrupt) ==> 2. ἔφθαρκα
 - d. φιλέω (love) ==> 3. πέφίληκα
 - e. τρέφω (nourish) ==> 1. τέτροφα
 - f. ἄπτω (fashion) ==> 2. ἤμμαι
 - g. ξηραίνω (dry) ==> 3. ἐξήρασμαι
 - h. πράττω ==> 1. πέπραχα
 - i. ῥάπτω (stitch) ==> 3. ἔρραμμαι
 - j. ὀφλισκάνω (owe) ==> 2. ὠφληκα
10. Which are forms of οἶδα?

- | | | | |
|------------|----------|----------|------------|
| b. ἴασι | d. ἴστε | e. εἰδῶς | h. ἦσαν |
| i. ἦσμεν | j. οἶδεν | l. ἦδη | m. εἴσομαι |
| o. εἰδέναί | | | |

Lesson IX, Part One. Personal Pronouns.

I. Exercise 1.

C. Translate the sentences on the tape.

1. a. The woman herself said these things.
b. The same gods said these things.
2. a. We saw the same woman.
b. We saw her.
c. We saw the woman herself.

E. Translate (turn off tape while writing).

1. ἐγὼ αὐτῆ/αὐτὸς εἶδον ἐμαυτῆν/ἐμαυτόν.
2. ἐαυτοῦς/ἐαυτὰς ἀπέκτειναν.
3. ἡμῖν αὐτοῖς/αὐταῖς ἐπιστεύσαμεν.
4. σεαυτὸν/σεαυτὴν (οὐχ ὀρᾶς) οὐ βλέπεις.
5. ἡμᾶς αὐτοῦς/αὐτὰς λύσομεν.
6. ὑμῶν αὐτῶν ἀρχετε;

II. Exercise 2.

B. Vocabulary Quiz (closed book). Give English meanings.

- | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. slander | 8. reputation, opinion, glory |
| 2. you (pl.) | 9. be about to, intend |
| 3. it is necessary | 10. often |
| 4. supply, provide | 11. we |
| 5. change | 12. each |
| 6. (of) myself | 13. already |
| 7. love | |

IV. Exercise 4. Written.

A. Review of Pronouns. Give Greek words and English equivalents for the following.

1. ὅς, ἣ, ὅ– who, which, that
2. οὗτος, αὕτη, τοῦτο– *this, that*; ὅδε, ἦδε, τόδε– *this*; ἐκεῖνος, ἐκεῖνη, ἐκεῖνο– *that*
3. τίς, τί– *who?, which?, what?*
4. τις, τι– *someone, anyone*
5. ἐγὼ– *I* ἡμεῖς– *we* σύ– *you* ὑμεῖς– *you (all)*
6. αὐτός– *self*
7. ἐμαυτοῦ– *myself* ἡμῶν αὐτῶν– *ourselves*
σεαυτοῦ– *yourself* ὑμῶν αὐτῶν– *yourselves* ἐαυτοῦ (etc.)– *himself, (etc.)*
8. ἀλλήλων– *each other*

B. Because the verb tells what person it is.

- C. 1. αὐτοῖ/αὐταῖ αὐτῆν εἶδομεν

2. τίνα ἐκεῖνοι εἶδον;
3. τὴν γυναῖκα εἶδομεν
4. τί ἰδεῖν ἀλλήλους ἐβούλεσθε
5. αἶδε (αὐται) ἡμᾶς εἶδον;
6. τί ὑμεῖς ἡμῖν πράξετε;
7. εἶδέ τις τοῦτο/τόδε;
8. τίνι τοῦτο/ἐκεῖνο ἔπραξας
9. ὑμῖν/σοὶ εἰσιν πολλοὶ φίλοι;
10. ὁ αὐτὸς (ἀνὴρ) τὴν ἐπιστολὴν αὐτὴν εἶδεν
11. ὑπὸ τίνων ταῦτα ἐπράττετο;
12. ὁ αὐτὸς ποιητῆς ταῦτα ἔγραφε περὶ ἑαυτοῦ
13. βουλόμεθα τὰ ἡμῶν αὐτῶν ἔχειν.
14. ὃ τι ὑμεῖς (αὐτοί) πεπόνθατε οὐκ οἶδα.

Lesson IX, Part Two.

II. Exercise 2.

B. Quiz. Give the present.

- | | |
|-------------|-------------|
| 1. ἄγγελω | 5. λαμβάνω |
| 2. γίγνομαι | 6. γράφω |
| 3. ἔχω | 7. γιγνώσκω |
| 4. ἄγω | 8. θύω |

III. Exercise 3. B. Quiz.

- | | |
|------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. turn, be engaged in | 2. remind; remember |
| 3. bury | 4. prevent |
| | 5. turn away |

V. Exercise 5. Assimilation in the Perfect Middle System.

A. Change these (according to the rules) to make them more easily pronounced.

- | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. τέτριπται | 2. ἔστραπται |
| 3. εἴληπται | 4. ἐλέλειπτο (*trick question) |
| 5. λέλεκται | 6. ἦκται |
| 7. ἐδέδεκτο | 8. πέπεισται |
| 9. νενόμισται | 10. ἴστε |
| 11. τέτριψαι | 12. ἐγέγραψο |
| 13. ἦρξαι | 14. ἐπέπραξο |
| 15. πέπεισαι | 16. πέφασμαι |
| 17. λέλειμμαι | 18. εἰλήμμεθα |
| 19. πέπλεγμαι (from πλέκτω, plait) | |
| 20. πέπεμμαι | |

Lesson X, Part One. Comparison of Adjectives.

I. Exercise 1. Forms.

A. Give comparative and Superlatives of the following.

- | | | |
|--------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. δίκαιος | δικαιότερος -α -ον | δικαιοτάτατος -η -ον |
| 2. άδικος | άδικώτερος -α -ον | άδικώτατος -η -ον |
| 3. ψευδής | ψευδέστερος -α -ον | ψευδέστατος -η -ον |
| 4. δυσδαίμων | δυσδαιμονέστερος-α-ον | δυσδαιμονέστατος -η -ον |
| 5. γλυκύς | γλυκίων, -ον | γλύκιστος, -η, -ον |

II. Exercise 2. A. Quiz.

- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| 1. better | 6. long |
| 2. best | 7. willing(ly) |
| 3. mortal man | 8. unwilling(ly) |
| 4. otherwise, in vain | 9. greater |
| 5. little, few | |

III. Exercise 3. A. Translate.

1. οὐκ ἔστιν οὐδὲν κάλλιον εὐδαίμονος ἡμέρας.
2. ὁ τι πράττειν οἶος τ' εἶ, ἄμεινον οἶα τ' εἰμί.
3. ἔστιν ὅτις σοφώτερος Σωκράτους;
4. οὐκ ἔστιν οὐδεὶς σοφώτερος τί (τίνι) (οὐδενὶ/οὐδέν) Σωκράτους.
5. οὗτος (ὁ ἀνήρ) (ἐστι) νεώτερος τῆς γυναικὸς τρίσιν ἔτεσιν.
6. οὐκ ἔστιν οὐδὲν ψευδέστερον ψευδοῦς φιλου.
7. ἐκεῖνη ἦν ὡς ἐσθλοτάτη/ἀρίστη τῷ ἀνδρὶ/πρὸς τὸν ἄνδρα.
8. ἐνόμισε τὸν πατέρα εἶναι πάντων τῶν ἀνδρῶν αἴσχιστον.

Lesson X, Part Two. Aorist Passive.

II. Exercise 2. A. Translate.

- | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. I was sent | 2. I will be sent |
| 3. you were led | 4. you will be led |
| 5. it was written | 6. it will be written |
| 7. we were judged | 8. we will be judged |
| 9. you were heard | 10. you will be heard |
| 11. they were sacrificed | 12. they will be sacrificed |

III. Exercise 3. B. Quiz.

- | | |
|----------|------------|
| 1. save | 3. enemy |
| 2. think | 4. corrupt |

V. Exercise 5. A. Translate.

- | | |
|---------------|----------------|
| 1. ἐσώθημεν | 2. ἐβουλήθησαν |
| 3. ἐπέμφθη | 4. ἤχθη |
| 5. ἐγράφη | 6. ἐκρίθητε |
| 7. ἠκούσθημεν | 8. ἐλύθησαν |
| 9. ληφθῆναι | 10. ἤρχθη |

Lesson XI. Contract Verbs.

I. Contract verbs.

A. α-contracts.

- a. ἀγαπῶμαι b. ὀράς c. τιμᾶται d. νικᾶν

B. ε-contracts.

- a. σκοποῦσι b. φιλούμεθα c. ἐδόκεις d. ζητεῖν

C. ο-contracts.

- a. ἀξιοῦν b. δηλοῖς c. ἐδήλου d. ἀξιοῦν

D. Principal Parts.

- a. ἀξιώω, ἀξιώσω, ἠξίωσα, ἠξίωκα, ἠξίωμαι, ἠξιώθην
b. τιμάω, τιμήσω, ἐτίμησα, τετίμηκα, τετίμημαι, ἐτιμήθην
c. ποιέω, ποιήσω, ἐποίησα, πεποίηκα, πεποίημαι, ἐποιήθην
d. ζητέω, ζητήσω, ἐζήτησα, ἐζήτηκα, ἐζήτημαι, ἐζητήθην
e. ἐρωτάω, ἐρωτήσω, ἠρώτησα, ἠρώτηκα, ἠρώτημαι, ἠρωτήθην

II. Exercise 2.

B. Form the futures of the following.

1. κοιμῶ 2. νομιῶ 3. ἀποκρινοῦμαι
4. διαφθερῶ 5. μενῶ 6. στελῶ

III. Exercise 3.

B. Quiz.

- | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. see | 9. lead, think |
| 2. hate | 10. inspect, examine |
| 3. use | 11. call |
| 4. seem, think, believe | 12. seek |
| 5. be unjust | 13. live |
| 6. love | 14. drive |
| 7. love | 15. intend, have in mind |

C. Principal parts. Give Present and Meaning.

- | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. ὀράω--see | 6. ζητέω--seek |
| 2. αἰρέω--take; choose | 7. φοβέομαι--fear |
| 3. ἀφικνέομαι--reach, arrive | 8. καλέω--call |
| 4. ἐλαύνω--drive, march | 9. νικάω--conquer |
| 5. δοκέω--seem, think | 10. δηλόω--reveal |
| 11. ὀράω--see | 12. αἰρέω--take; choose |

V. Exercise 5. Written exercises.

- A. ἀγαπάω, αξιόω, δηλόω, ἐπιθυμέω, μισέω, νοέω (νοῦς <-- νόος), τιμάω, φιλέω, φοβέομαι, γαμέω, διψάω, δουλόω, νοσέω, οἰκέω, συμμαχέω, τεκνόω, τελέω

Lesson XII. Athematic Verbs.

I. Exercise 1.

A. ἵστανμι. Give (A) tense and voice; tell whether the form is (B) transitive or intransitive; (C) translate.

(A)	(B)	(C)
1. pres., act.	trans.	they are setting
2. impf., m/p.	intrans.	he/she/it was standing
3. 2nd aor., act.	intrans.	he/she/it stood
4. 1st aor., act.	trans.	to set
5. fut., act.	trans.	I shall set
6. pf., act.	intrans.	you stand
7. plupf., act.	intrans.	he/she/it stood
8. aor., pass.	intrans.	we were set up
9. fut. pf., act.	intrans.	I shall stand

B. δίδωμι. (A) tense and (B) translate.

(A)	(B)
1. aor.	to give
2. impf.	you were being given
3. pres.	they are giving
4. pres.	to give
5. fut.	they will give
6. aor.	he/she/it gave
7. aor.	you were given
8. pf.	he/she/it has given
9. aor.	you gave for yourself

E. δείκνυμι. (A) tense (B) voice (C) translate.

(A)	(B)	(C)
1. pres.	act.	to be showing
2. pres.	act.	to show
3. pres.	mid./pass.	you are showing for yourself/being shown
4. pres.	act.	they are showing
5. fut.	mid.	you will display
6. fut.	pass.	I shall be shown
7. aor.	pass.	to be shown
8. impf.	act.	I was showing
9. pf.	mid./pass.	he/she/it has displayed/been shown

II. Exercise 2. B. Quiz.

- | | |
|------------------|----------------|
| 1. be caught | 6. go, walk |
| 2. understand | 7. be able |
| 3. understanding | 8. lie |
| 4. sit | 9. give |
| 5. fill | 10. set; stand |

- C. Give one compound of each. Translate.
1. ἀφίστημι--cause to revolt
 2. ἀνατίθημι--set up
 3. προδίδωμι--betray
 4. συμβαίνω--happen
 5. ἀφίημι--send forth, release from
 6. ἐπιδείκνυμι--exhibit
 7. ἀπόλλυμι--destroy utterly; perish, die

IV. Exercise 4.

A. Written.

1. -μι verbs have no thematic vowel in the present and imperfect and sometimes in the aorist.
2. Present, imperfect, aorist active and middle (of ἴσθημι--pf. system).
3. Present, imperfect, future, 2nd aorist.
4. 1st aorist, perfect, aorist passive, pluperfect.
5. Yes: future.
6. Root, reduplicatory, -νυμι
7. -νυμι
8. Present, imperfect.
9. In no way.
10. Underline the correct form of τίθημι in each group.
a. ἐτίθεις b. τιθείς c. θεῖναι d. ἐτίθεσαν
11. Underline the correct form of δίδωμι in each group.
a. ἐδίδουν b. δοῦσι c. ἐδίδου d. διδόμενος
12. Underline the correct form of ἴσθημι in each group.
a. ιστᾶσι b. ἴσθη c. στάσθαι
d. ἔστατε e. ἔστήξω
13. Underline the correct form of ἴημι in each group.
a. ιέναι b. ιέντα c. ἴεσο

Lesson XIII, Subjunctive and Optative.

I. Exercise 1. The Subjunctive: Uses and Forms

II. Exercise 2. The Optative: Uses and Forms

III. Exercise 3.

A. Written questions.

1. Present, aorist, perfect.
2. None.
3. It lengthens.
4. Primary.
5. 1) Hortatory; 2) prohibitive; 3) deliberative.
6. Present general; future more vivid.
7. It does not show tense, it only shows aspect.

8. -μι verbs, contracts.
9. Aorist passive.
10. 1) Optative of wish; 2) potential optative.
11. Future less vivid; past general.

Lesson XIV, The Imperative Mood.

I. Exercise 1.

B. Imperative forms of παιδεύω.

Present Active		Present Middle-Passive
παίδευε		παιδεύου
παιδευέτω		παιδευέσθω
παιδεύετε		παιδεύεσθε
παιδευόντων		παιδευέσθων
Aorist Active	Middle	Passive
παίδευσον	παίδευσαι	παιδεύθητι
παιδευσάτω	παιδευσάσθω	παιδευθήτω
παιδεύσατε	παιδεύσασθε	παιδεύθητε
παιδευσάντων	παιδευσάσθων	παιδευθέντων
Perfect Active		Middle-Passive
πεπαιδευκώς ἴσθι (πεπαίδευκε)		πέπκευσο
πεπαιδευκώς ἔστω (πεπαιδευκέτω)		πεπαιδεύσθω
πεπαιδευκότες ἔστε (πεπαιδεύκετε)		πεπαίδευσθε
πεπαιδευκότες ὄντων		πεπαιδεύσθων

D. Second aorist imperative of ἄγω.

Present Active	Present Middle-Passive
ἄγαγε	ἄγαγοῦ
ἄγαγέτω	ἄγαγέσθω
ἄγάγετε	ἄγάγεσθε
ἄγαγόντων	ἄγαγέσθων

F. Optional reading: The Lord's Prayer. (Underline the imperatives.)

Πάτερ ἡμῶν ὁ ἐν τοῖς οὐρανοῖς ἀγιασθήτω τὸ ὄνομά σου. ἐλθέτω ἡ βασιλεία σου. γενηθήτω τὸ θέλημά σου, ὡς ἐν οὐρανῷ καὶ ἐπὶ γῆς. τὸν ἄρτον ἡμῶν τὸν ἐπιούσιον δός ἡμῖν σήμερον. καὶ ἄφεξ ἡμῖν τὰ ὀφειλήματα ἡμῶν. ὡς καὶ ἡμεῖς ἀφήκαμεν τοῖς ὀφειλέταις ἡμῶν. καὶ μὴ εἰσενέγκῃς ἡμᾶς εἰς πειρασμόν, ἀλλὰ ῥύσαι ἡμᾶς ἀπὸ τοῦ πονηροῦ.

τὸ τέλος